# 3A & 3B Mathematics

# Test 1 2009 50 marks



50 minutes + 2 minutes reading

Name

## 1. [2, 1, 2, 2 marks]

A winery produces a fine liquer which is predicted to increase in value by 4.8% p.a.

- How much will a bottle of liquer be worth in 2 years time, if it presently sells for \$45? (a) A=P(1+0)" = 45(1+0.048)2 = 49.42
- How much will a bottle of liquer be worth in n years time, if it presently sells for \$45?  $f = 45(1048)^{11}$ (b)
- The winemaker plans to release the liquer when it reaches a value of \$100. How (c) long will they have to wait for this to be the case? A: 17
- Another red wine produced by the winery is increasing in value at 2.3% p.a. If a (d) large flagon presently sells for \$74, how long will it be before the Liquer becomes more expensive than the flagon?

1an the flagon?

$$45 (1.048)^{4} > 74(1.023)^{4} = 0.41.048 \times 1$$

$$22 = b_{11} = b_{11} \times 1.023 \times 1$$

$$b_{23} = 0.45$$

$$b_{31} = b_{11} \times 1.023 \times 1$$

$$b_{32} = 0.45$$

$$b_{33} = 0.45$$

$$b_{34} = 0$$

2. [2, 1, 2, 2 marks]

(b)

Given p(x) = 5x + 3 and q(x) = 2 - x, find the following:

the point of intersection of the two lines, (a)

p(4) = 23



1

 $2^{(-1)} = 2^{-(-1)}$  p(3) = 5(3) + 3 = 18(c)

(d) the value of k for which p(k) = -2.

#### 3. [1, 1, 3 marks]

A function has a defining rule  $y = 2x^2$ 

Determine the defining rule for the new function if the graph of this function is

(i) moved 2 units left,

$$y=2(x+4)^2$$

(ii) reflected in the y-axis,

reflected in the x-axis, then moved 3 units right and then 1 unit up. (iii)

$$y = -2(x-3)^2 + 1$$

#### 4. [4 marks]

A cubic polynomial intersects the x-axis at x = -2, 3, 5.

Given that the graph goes through the point (4, 2) find the equation for the polynomial in the

form,  $y = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

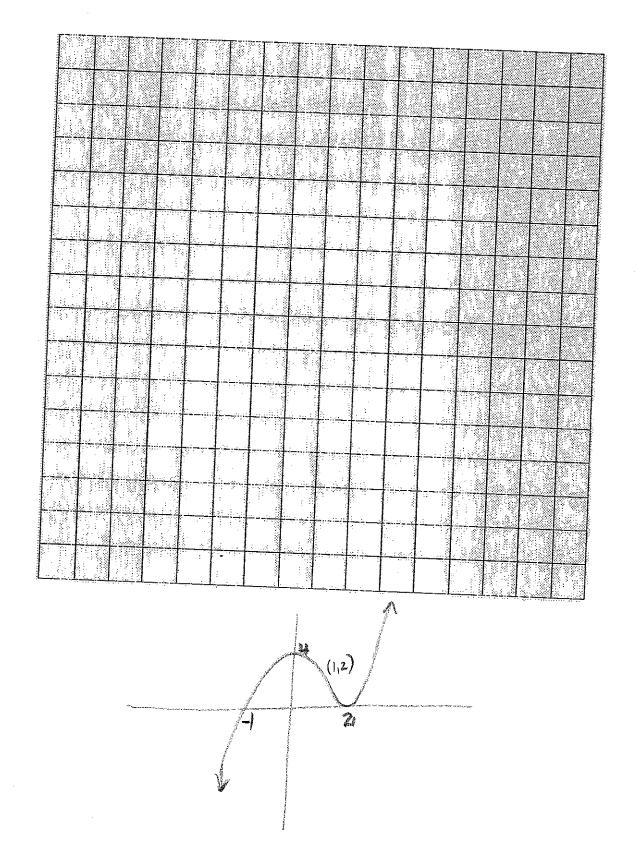
$$(-2,0)$$
 $(3,0)$ 
 $(5,0)$ 
 $(4,2)$ 

# 5. [6 marks]

With the aid of a graphic calculator produce a sketch of

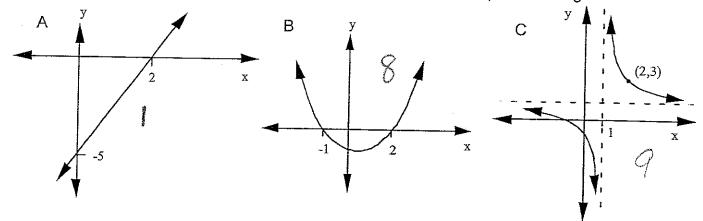
$$y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 4$$

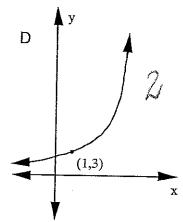
Indicate any turning points, intercepts with the axes and points of inflection. If any rounding is necessary give answers correct to 2 decimal places.

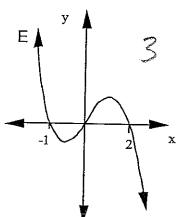


## 6. [2, 2, 2, 2, 2 marks]

Match each of the graphs below with its corresponding function. Choose from the functions listed below, where a, b, c, d and e are positive integers:







(1) 
$$y = ax - b$$
 (2)  $y = d^{x} + 1$ 

(3.) 
$$y = -ax^3 + x^2 + dx$$

$$y = x^3 - ax - b$$
  $y = c^{x-1}$ 

6. 
$$y = \frac{1}{x + c}$$

$$y = x^2 + x - e$$
 (8.)  $y = x^2 - x - d$  (9.)  $y = \frac{1}{x - b} + a$ 

$$y = \frac{1}{x - b} + a$$

10. 
$$y + ax = b$$
 11.  $y = \frac{1}{x-a}$ 

#### 7. [2, 3, 3 marks]

State the domain and range for the following functions:

$$x = \{2/1, 0, -3, -3/6\}$$

$$y = \{3, -9/4, 45/1\}$$

(b) 
$$y = x^2 + 4x + 3$$

(c) 
$$y = \frac{1}{2x-3} + 1$$

(c) 
$$y = \frac{1}{1} + 1$$

(c) 
$$y = \frac{1}{2x-3} + 1$$

ZER

## [3 marks] 8.

Given the graphs for  $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$  and  $g(x) = ex^2 + fx + g$ , for real constants a, b, ,,g, solve to 1 decimal place, the equation f(x) = g(x)

